Gravitational waves from first order phase transition in Higgs portal dark matter models



Toshinori Matsui (松井 俊憲)¹

arXiv:1609.00297 [hep-ph] (PLB), K. Hashino¹, M. Kakizaki¹, S. Kanemura¹, P. Ko², TM² arXiv:1706.09721 [hep-ph] (JHEP), Z. Kang^{2,3}, P. Ko², TM² arXiv:1802.02947 [hep-ph] (JHEP), K. Hashino^{1,4}, M. Kakizaki¹, S. Kanemura⁴, P. Ko², TM² ¹U. of Toyama ¹, ²KIAS ¹, ³Huazhong Univ. of Science and Technology ¹, ⁴Osaka U. ¹

Physics behind the EW symmetry breaking

- No principle in the SM Higgs sector ${\cal L}^{\Phi}_{
 m SM}=|D_{\mu}\Phi|^2-V_{
 m SM}(\Phi)-\overline{\psi}_i y_{ij}\psi_j\Phi+{
 m h.c.}$
 - Higgs boson couplings might be deviated from the SM. $\rightarrow hVV$ $\rightarrow hhh$
- Physics behind the EW symmetry breaking @finite temp. $V_{\text{eff}}(\varphi, T)$



- 1st order phase transition is not realized in the SM with $m_h = 125$ GeV.
- If 1st order phase transition is realized, gravitational waves is produced in extended Higgs sector!

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- New physics is required to solve beyond the SM (BSM) phenomena.
 - Existence of dark matter, Baryon asymmetry of the Universe, Neutrino oscillations, Cosmic inflation,...
- Extended Higgs sectors are required in several BSM models.
 - Higgs portal DM is the simplest WINP DM scenario which is related to Higgs physics at EW scale.
 - Electroweak baryogenesis requires strongly 1stOPT (sphaleron decoupling criterion): $arphi_*/T_*\gtrsim$
- Gravitational waves can be a new technique to explore BSM!

GWs from 1stOPT

- GW is predicted in the general relativity.
 - Weak field approximation $g_{\mu
 u}(x) = \eta_{\mu
 u} + h_{\mu
 u}(x) ~~|h_{\mu
 u}| \ll 1$
 - Wave eq. from Einstein eq.

$$-\Box \left(h_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} \eta_{\mu\nu} h^{\alpha}{}_{\alpha} \right) = 16\pi G T_{\mu\nu}$$

Stochastic backgrounds of GWs

$$\rho_{\rm GW} = \frac{1}{32\pi G} < \dot{h}_{\alpha\beta} \dot{h}^{\alpha\beta} >$$

- Energy density of GWs $\Omega_{\rm GW}(f) \equiv rac{1}{
ho_{
m c}} rac{{
m d}
ho_{
m GW}}{{
m d}\ln f}$

M. Kamionkowski, astro-ph/9310044 (PRD)

Numerical simulation

$$\Omega_{\rm GW}^{\rm peak} \propto \left(\frac{H_t}{\beta}\right)^n \left(\frac{\kappa\alpha}{1+\alpha}\right)^m$$
C. Caprini *et al.*, 1512.06239 (JCAP)

- Particle physics models w/1stOPT
 - $\alpha \sim$ Normalized difference of potential minima

 $V_{\rm eff}(\varphi, 7)$

$$- \beta^{-1} \sim$$
 Transition time \propto Bubble size

 10^{-3}



collision [n

 10^{-1}

2. m=2

turbulence [n=2, m=3/2]

C. Caprini *et al.*, 1512.06239 (JCAP) Frequency [Hz] We can discuss the detectability at GW observations with model predictions.

 $\Omega_{GW} h^2$

10⁻¹⁵

10⁻¹⁸

 10^{-2}



L=O(10⁶)km (LISA), 1000km (DECIGO), 4km (LIGO), 3km (Virgo, KAGRA)

Dec. 28-31, 2018 [5th] Dark Matter, Dark Energy and Matter-Antimatter Asymmetry, Hsinchu+Kaohsiung

- $\begin{array}{ll} \bullet & \underline{\text{Singlet scalar DM}}\left(m_{S},\lambda_{HS},\lambda_{S}\right) \underline{}_{1210.4196,\ 1409.0005,\ 1611.02073,\ 1702.06124,\ 1704.03381,\ \dots} \\ & \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SSDM}}=-V_{0}(\Phi,S) \\ & & \mathrm{Scalar potential is imposed unbroken}\ Z_{2} \,\mathrm{symmetry.} & \left\langle S \right\rangle = 0 \\ & m_{S}^{2}=\mu_{S}^{2}+\lambda_{HS}v^{2} \end{array}$
- Singlet Fermion DM $(m_H, \theta, v_S, \mu_{\Phi S}, \mu_S, \mu'_S; m_{\psi}, \lambda)$ 1112.1847, 1209.4163, 1305.3452, <u>1402.3087</u>, ... $\mathcal{L}_{SFDM} = \overline{\psi}(i \partial - m_{\psi_0})\psi - \lambda S \overline{\psi} \psi - V_0(\Phi, S)$ - Scalar potential is general shape with a real Higgs singlet scalar field (HSM).

 $\begin{array}{ll} & \underbrace{\text{Vector DM}}_{\mathcal{L}_{\text{VDM}}}\left(m_{H},\theta;m_{X},g_{X}\right) \text{ 1212.2131, } \underline{1412.3823, } \dots \\ & \mathcal{L}_{\text{VDM}}=-\frac{1}{4}V_{\mu\nu}V^{\mu\nu}+(D_{\mu}S)^{2}+V_{0}(\Phi,S) & V_{0}(\Phi,S)=-\mu_{\Phi}^{2}|\Phi|^{2}-\mu_{S}^{2}|S|^{2}+\lambda_{\Phi}|\Phi|^{4}+\lambda_{S}|S|^{4}+\lambda_{\Phi S}|\Phi|^{2}|S|^{2} \\ & D_{\mu}S=(\partial_{\mu}+ig_{X}Q_{S}X_{\mu})S & S=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_{S}+\phi_{2}+ix) & m_{X}\equiv g_{X}|Q_{S}|v_{S} \end{array}$

- Scalar potential is a case for the spontaneously broken Z₂ symmetry in HSM. (dark Higgs mechanism)

Singlet scalar DM $(m_s, \lambda_{Hs}, \lambda_s)$ 1210.4196, 1409.0005, 1611.02073, 1702.06124, 1704.03381, ... $\mathcal{L}_{ ext{SSDM}} = -V_0(\Phi, S)$ $V_0(\Phi,S) = -\mu_{\Phi}^2 |\Phi|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_S^2 S^2 + \lambda_{\Phi} |\Phi|^4 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda_S S^4 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{\Phi S} |\Phi|^2 S^2$ – Scalar potential is imposed unbroken Z2 symmetry. $\langle S
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Singlet Fermion DM (m_H , θ , v_s , $\mu_{\Phi s}$, $\mu_{s,\mu's}$; m_{ψ} , λ) • 1112.1847, 1209.4163, 1305.3452, 1402.3087, ...

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1stOPT in scalar DM model



Curtin, Meade, Yu, 1409.0005 (JHEP) See also Beniwal, Lewicki, Wells, White, Williams, 1702.06124 (JHEP)



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Z_3 extension: S^3 term is allowed (extra parameter A_s)

→ It is possible to satisfy the DM direct search bound! Z. Kang, P. Ko, TM, arXiv:1706.09721 [hep-ph] (JHEP)



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1stOPT in Vector DM model



[XENON Collaboration, 1705.06655 (PRL)]

Relic abundance of DM

 $\Omega_{obs}h^2=0.1199\pm0.0027 \rightarrow \text{contours of } \log_{10} (\Omega_x/\Omega_{obs})$ [Planck Collaboration, 1502.01589 (Astron. Astrophys.)]

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- Scalar potential is a case for the spontaneously broken Z₂ symmetry in HSM. (dark Higgs mechanism)
- PT is too weak to detect GWs. [Hashino, Kakizaki, Kanemura, Ko, TM, 1802.02947 (JHEP)] → Extension is needed.

[5th] Dark Matter, Dark Energy and Matter-Antimatter Asymmetry, Hsinchu+Kaohsiung